UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

Waiver of Service of Summons Steven Wernikoff, attorney for the Federal Trade Commission

-,	(DEFENDANT NAME)	, acknowledge receipt of your request
that I waive service of sun		FTC v. CPATank, Inc., et al.
	_	(CAPTION OF ACTION)
which is case number	14-cv-12	in the United States District Court
	(DOCKET NUM	IBER)
for the Northern District o	f Illinois.	
I have also received a by which I can return the		in the action, two copies of this instrument, and a means thout cost to me.
	the entity on whose be	ons and an additional copy of the complaint in this lawsuit half I am acting) be served with judicial process in the
		ill retain all defenses or objections to the lawsuit or to the
	e court except for object	ions based on a defect in the summons or in the service
of the summons.		against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if
of the summons. I understand that a ju	dgment may be entered	
of the summons. I understand that a ju an answer or motion under	dgment may be entered a	against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if pon you within 60 days after February 19, 2014, (DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)
of the summons. I understand that a ju an answer or motion under	dgment may be entered a	against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if pon you within 60 days after February 19, 2014,
of the summons. I understand that a ju an answer or motion under or within 90 days after that	dgment may be entered a	against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if pon you within 60 days after February 19, 2014, (DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)
of the summons. I understand that a ju an answer or motion under or within 90 days after tha 2/24/14	dgment may be entered at Rule 12 is not served until date if the request was	against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if pon you within 60 days after February 19, 2014, (DATE REQUEST WAS SENT) sent outside the United States.

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.